Building a Masonry Stove for Efficient Wood Heat

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What we'll cover

- 1. Why Use a Masonry Stove?
 - Brief history
 - My reasoning, my limitations
- 2. Design Considerations
- 3. Basic Stove Components and Terms
- 4. Construction Sequence
- 5. Resources
- 6. Questions?

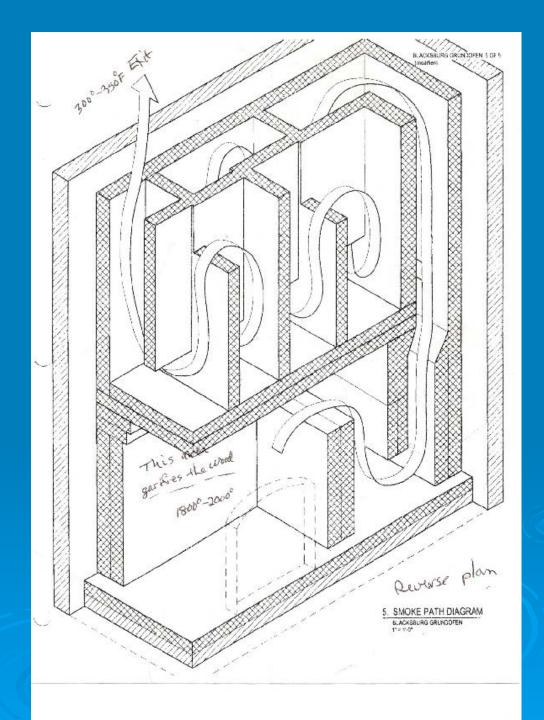
Why Use a Masonry Heater?

Brief History

- Northern Europe variety of stove types
- Looking for more efficient use of wood
- Burn hot, fast and "clean" store heat in large mass

Smoke Path Diagram

many different patterns depending on model



Why Use a Masonry Heater?

My Reasoning

Renewable fuel source – very efficient and clean

Back- up for gas, initially, then primary with more building envelope advances?

Why Use a Masonry Heater?

My Limitations

I'm certainly no expert on masonry heaters.....

Location in house not ideal, but best for us I like using scraps...

Design Considerations

Stove placement

- Relative to floor plan?
- Required clearances?
- Chimney location?
- Where do you want to direct heat to?

New construction versus retrofit Foundation

- > Finished stove weighs 5000-6000 lbs, depending
- Combustion Air

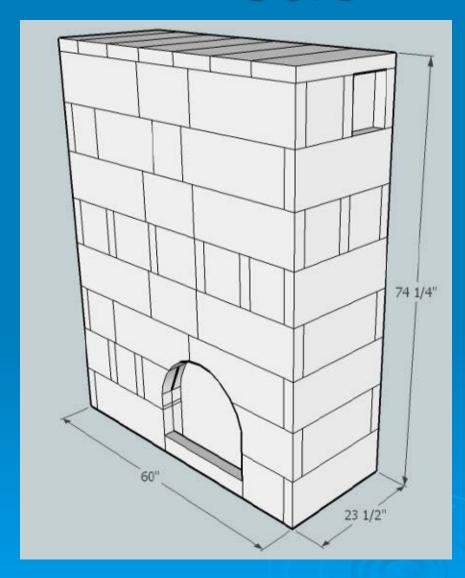
Steel bracing – earthquakes

Advanced planning helpful....

Basic Stove Components - Terminology

Core Veneer **Combustion Air** Hearth **Cleanouts Bake Oven Foam Glass**

Core



Pre-cast blocks
High-temp concrete
made from
refractory cement

Veneers

Term for Outer Layer

Many options:

- Tile over concrete block
- Soapstone
- Other stone river rock or granite, etc





Veneers



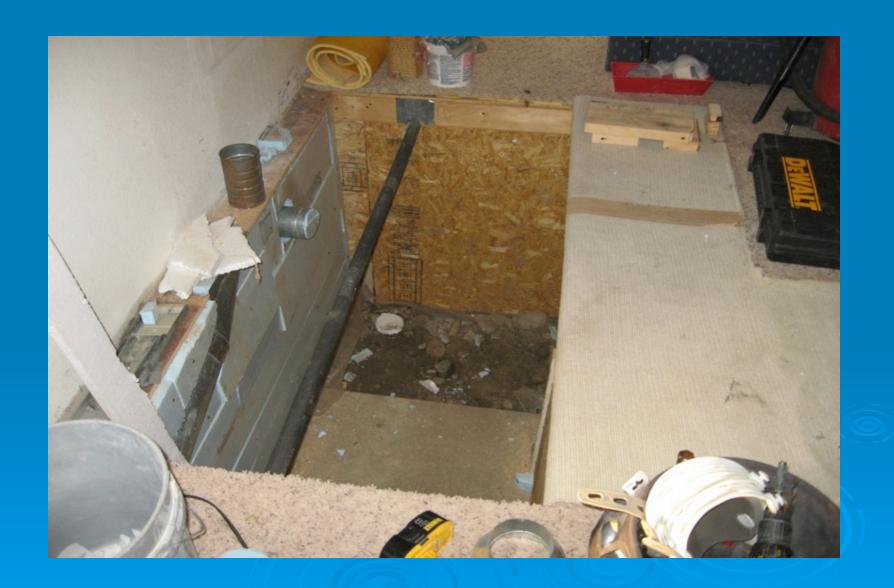






Foundation Considerations

- ➤ Core Weight 3700 lbs for me
- Veneer Weight 3000 lbs minimum
- Example from Empire Masonry Stoves
 - Thin 4" Prefab veneer = 3100 lbs
 - Brick 8" veneer = 5800 lbs
 - Natural stone 9" veneer = 7200 lbs











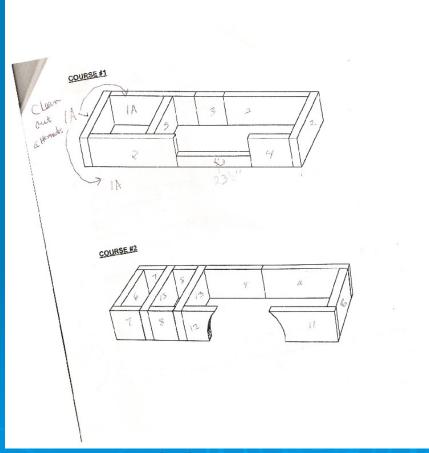
Construction – stove base













Firebox



Construction – Core Assembly Dry Run



Construction – Back Veneer









Construction – Core Assembly (Smoke Paths)



Construction – Steel Bracing



Construction – Bracing, brick ties





Construction – bracing



Construction – Chimney connection



Can go out top or side









Construction – Door



Construction – Cleanouts

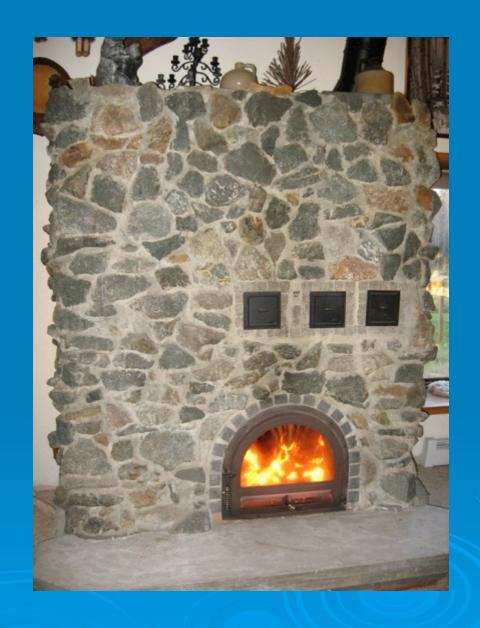


Need dry wood!

Bake Ovens

Smaller versions





Some temps during

firing



Outside Chimney 275 F

Face of Glass 680 F

Veneer Temps
10 hours AFTER
Firing

110

Degrees F

(Imagine no flames)

120

120

And 225F inside burn chamber



Resources

- Dan Givens Stonecastle Masonry 907-474-3465
- Harry Aulman Talkeetna
- Masonry Heater Association mhanet.org
- Alaska Insulation Supply, EJ Bartels
- Alaska Masonry Heat 3 Stores Tulikivi stoves

Questions?

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